

Gunshots disperse Birzeit protest

EL AVIV, July 12 (R) -- Israeli security forces today fired warning shots to disperse a crowd of students demonstrating against the Israeli occupation at Birzeit University, near Ramallah. Nobody was hurt, and local residents dismantled roadblocks as students had set up. The shots were fired after the students, armed by eyewitnesses to number about forty, had refused to disperse and attacked Israeli army vehicles with stones. No arrests were reported. But in Fawar refugee camp near the West Bank town of Hebron, where three men died yesterday while allegedly trying to manufacture a bomb, dozens of people were detained today by security forces investigating the incident.

Jordan Times

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Ramadan fasting month starts today

AMMAN, July 12 (JNA)—Sunday, July 13 is the first day of Ramadan, the chief Islamic justice Sheikh Ibrahim Al Qattan announced this evening. The Prime Minister, Dr. Qasem Al Rikawi, issued a circular to all government departments today requesting that all canteens attached to them be closed during the holy month of Ramadan. Amman Governor Yahya Al Mousli yesterday issued a communique ordering the closure of liquor stores, restaurants, cafes and soft drink vendors during fasting hours of Ramadan. The order prohibits entertainment troupes from performing at hotels during month, but permits hotels to serve food to guests, regarding them as travellers. Local administrators in other governorates issued similar instructions to be followed during the month of Ramadan.

Price: Jordan 50 fils; Syria 50 piastres; Lebanon 75 piastres; Saudi Arabia 1 riyal; UAE 1 dirham; Great Britain 25 pence.

Regional Briefs

UWAIT, July 12 (R) -- One person was killed and several people are injured today when two explosions damaged the printing presses and offices of the Kuwaiti newspaper Al Rai Al Aam, the Interior Ministry said. A ministry spokesman, quoted by the Kuwait News Agency, said the cause of the explosions was unknown. The agency had said earlier there were three explosions which destroyed the paper's printing presses and badly damaged offices. Firemen fought flames which broke out after the explosions, the agency added. Al Rai Al Aam is one of Kuwait's leading newspapers. It is owned by Mr. Abdul Aziz Masaeed, a member Kuwaiti Parliament and head of the parliamentary foreign affairs committee.

OGADISHU, July 12 (R) -- Three Ethiopian MiG warplanes bombed the small Somali border town of Yet yesterday, killing six people and wounding 16, the Somali Defence Ministry said today. More than 100 people, including some of the 300,000 refugees in camps in this part of southwestern Somalia, were killed or wounded in four similar attacks by the Ethiopian Air Force last month, according to the ministry. Somali field officers say the Ethiopian Air Force is attempting to disrupt supply routes inside Somalia while the Ethiopian Army makes broad clearing sweeps of the disputed Ogaden Desert on the other side of the border. Somalia and Ethiopia fought an eight-month war for the desert. Cuban reinforcements turned the tide of battle and forced Somali Army to retreat in March 1978.

ERHAN, July 12 (R) -- At least three people died and 25 were injured today when a time-bomb exploded at a leftist rally in the Kurdish stronghold of Mahabad, Kurdish sources said. The blast occurred at a meeting of supporters of the Marxist-Leninist People's Fedayeen Organisation, they said by telephone from Mahabad. Women and children were among the victims and some of the injured are in grave condition, they added. Mahabad, capital of a short-lived Kurdish republic after World War II, has been the main Kurdish stronghold against the central government since fighting broke out in Kurdistan last August.

AIRO, July 12 (AP) -- Delegation of senior members of President Anwar Sadat's ruling National Democratic Party will visit Israel in the second half of August to meet with senior members of Israeli political parties, the weekly *October* said Saturday.

PENNA, July 12 (R) -- Turkish Foreign Minister Hayrettin Kamen and Bulgarian Foreign Minister Petar Mladenov stressed importance of Balkan security to world peace in a communique issued today after three days of talks in Sofia. The two leaders called for concrete measures to end the arms race, full disarmament under strict international control and non-violation of a security of individual states in the communique, carried by the official Bulgarian BTA news agency. They underlined the need for a Middle East peace settlement involving the Palestine Liberation Organisation and a settlement of the Cyprus issue, taking into consideration the interests of both Greek and Turkish Cypriots, BTA said. Mr. Erkmen's visit to Bulgaria ended yesterday.

EL AVIV, July 12 (AP) -- Police harmlessly exploded a small bomb Saturday planted on a quiet residential street in Tel Aviv, messes said. The bomb was left in front of an apartment building on Balfour Street a few blocks from the outdoor Carmel market, which is a frequent target of terrorist bombings. Passby alerted police in the morning to a suspicious-looking object. Police demolition experts closed off the street and defused the device.

ALEXANDRIA, Egypt, July 12 (AP) -- Visiting Australian assistant leader Bill Hayden met President Anwar Sadat Saturday, presumably to discuss the Middle East situation. No official statement was issued following the meeting, which was attended by Foreign Minister Kamal Hassan Ali. Mr. Hayden arrived late today in Cairo and came to this summer resort city to meet Sadat Sunday. The Australian leader is scheduled to meet with other Egyptian officials during his three-day stay in Egypt. Mr. Hayden, who visited Syria before coming to Egypt, is scheduled to leave Monday for Israel, Lebanon and Bahrain.

Layla Khaled stirs up U.N. conference

OSLO, July 12 (AP) -- Layla Khaled, the Palestinian commando whose name landed the world's headlines a few days ago, provoked controversy again today but in a more peaceful context. J.N. staff member confirmed yesterday that Miss Khaled is one of the 18 members of the Women's Liberation Organisation (WLO) who are attending the United Nations World Conference on Women that opens Monday.

Among the 3,000 delegates to the conference were Mrs. Carter, daughter-in-law of President Jimmy Carter, and Valentina Tereshkova, a Soviet astronaut who was the first woman in space in 1963. But Miss Khaled clearly made the biggest splash.

Khaled, now a high school teacher in Lebanon, got world attention as the submachine-gun hand who along with other women forced a Trans World Airlines flight out of Damascus in 1969, and then tried to hijack Israeli El Al airliner over the Red Sea in 1970.

Israeli security agents on the ship her male co-hijacker Miss Khaled was turned over to British authorities when the ship landed in London. But soon she was set free under threats of reprisals and she vanished in the East again. Unless there are changes for political reasons she will come



Layla Khaled

here Sunday with the rest of the delegation," the U.N. staff member said.

Danish Minister of Culture Lise Oestergaard, the president designate of the women's conference, confirmed that Miss Khaled had been granted a visa "on the usual conditions." She said that Miss Khaled was not invited by Denmark, but by the U.N. conference.

JIHAD AK. BARGHOUTH
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JORDAN INSURANCE BUILDING, 3/RD CIRCLE/JEBEL AMMAN
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May seek U.N. action tomorrow Islamic conference ponders sanctions threat for Israel

By Ron Cathell
Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN, July 12—Islamic foreign ministers meeting in extraordinary session here will try to use the muscle of the United Nations to force Israel to abide by all U.N. General Assembly resolutions dealing with the rights of Palestinians, a conference source said tonight.

They are expected to issue a communique tomorrow asking the General Assembly to pass a resolution directing Israel to implement all previous U.N. resolutions on the Palestinians, or face sanctions.

The extraordinary conference is being attended by 40 Islamic countries and representatives of the Palestine Liberation Organisation. The PLO requested convening the conference to study the situation in the occupied Arab territories following the recent car-bomb attacks on West Bank Mayor Bassam Shak'a of Nablus and Karim Khalaf of Ramallah.

"There is a big part of U.N. resolutions that if implemented would help reach a solution to the Palestinian question," the source said.

The conference delegates also intend to go beyond offering "powerless statements" and take "strong action" to make Israel recognise Palestinian rights and stop the Zionist state from annexing Arab East Jerusalem.

"We plan to move from powerless statements to strong actions," the source said. "We would like our actions to be within the framework of the United Nations, backed with the support and participation of the world. The U.N. resolutions are sufficient to contribute greatly to solving the (Palestinian) problem. What we are seeking is that these resolutions be applied according to the U.N. charter."

However, the Islamic World also plans to exercise its own economic and political muscle to force 13 countries to move their embassies from Jerusalem or face sanctions in accordance with resolutions passed at the Islamic conference earlier this year. Those resolutions would have the Muslim countries break all diplomatic and economic ties with those 13 countries.

The conference delegates are also expected to approve a pan-Islamic economic boycott of Israel and all countries, firms and individuals which have official rela-

tions with the Zionist state. The boycott would "serve as a warning" to anyone considering official ties with Israel.

The United States would fall under this category and be placed on an "Islamic blacklist," which is expected to be drawn up by a special committee of the conference.

"There is a tendency in the conference to condemn the United States for its policy of support for Israel," the source said.

The boycott would be parallel to the Arab Boycott of Israel, but would be far more comprehensive because of the additional member states participating.

"Egypt would also be one of the countries to have sanctions applied against it," the source said.

The extraordinary conference was expected to wrap up meetings late tonight and issue a communique at a press conference tomorrow at 10 a.m.

The Secretary-General of Islamic Conference Organisation, Mr. Habib Chatti of Tunisia, said earlier today that the foreign ministers supported a resolution adopted by the Arab health ministers who met here on Thursday and yesterday, calling for the transfer of World Health Organisation (WHO) regional offices from Alexandria, Egypt, to Amman.

The conference was today

studying working papers submitted by Jordan, Iraq and the PLO on the Palestinian question. All of which reportedly urged the adoption of measures to be applied against Israel to force it to end "its aggressive practices in the occupied Arab territories."

A committee composed of the representatives of Jordan, the PLO, Iraq, Senegal, Mali, Pakistan and Syria was drafting the final conference communique.

Jordan's working paper condemned Israeli practices in the occupied territories. Minister of State Hassan Ibrahim, head of the Jordanian delegation, said those Israeli practices were aimed at emptying the occupied territories of their Arab inhabitants and obliterating all the Arab features of the territories.

In its working paper, Iraq proposed that the president of the U.N. General Assembly should appoint a committee to discuss ways and means of implementing the many U.N. resolutions on the Palestinian issue.

According to Reuters, the Iraqi

paper said the committee should be made up of at least a third of the U.N. membership and should report to the assembly president before the Palestine question is taken up by the assembly in September.

Reuters also reported that the PLO paper called on the application of pressure against the United States to get it to change its Middle East policies.

The PLO paper called on the U.N. and "various states" to trans-

late their Middle East positions into deeds so that Israel would be forced to withdraw from all the occupied territories, including Jerusalem.

PLO delegation spokesman Abdel Mohsen Abu Maizar, giving details of the paper, said the United Nations should convince the U.S. to change its policies.

"This can be done by practising pressure against the United States government and its interests," the paper said.

Oman denies U.S. military link

AMMAN, July 12 -- Oman today denied there is any American military presence in the country and vowed to keep it free of any external military activity in the future.

The Omani representative at the Islamic Conference meeting here told the plenary session his delegation wanted the statement registered in the official minutes of the conference, a delegate said. The Omani

statement was made during a discussion of implementing sanctions against any country, firm or individual that has official relations with Israel. The United States was strongly criticised for its support of Israel, the delegate said.

Both Oman and Egypt have recently agreed to allow the United States use of their military bases.

7 killed in coup plot, Iran says

TEHRAN, July 12 (R) -- About half a dozen people were killed and fewer than 100 held for questioning as a result of the smashing of a coup conspiracy recently disclosed by President Abol Hassan Bani-Sadr, his spokesman said today.

But Mr. Ali Garmarudi, press and cultural affairs adviser to the president, said it was not clear how many people were involved and refused to give the exact number of those arrested.

The total of those killed was "about seven," he said in a telephone interview.

He denied reports in two Tehran newspapers that among those arrested were General Amir Bahman Bagheri, who resigned recently as commander of the air force, and Dr. Gholam Hossein Sadighi, one of a number of political figures who declined invitations to form a government during the waning days of the former Shah's rule.

"This is not true and a great lie," Mr. Garmarudi said, speaking through an interpreter.

General Bagheri, now head of civil aviation, has been with Mr. Bani-Sadr only this morning, in the president's office, he added. The afternoon newspaper *Kay-*

han reported that another former air force chief, General Said Mehdiyan, and a former head of the gendarmerie, General Ahmad Mohaqeqi, had been arrested in the wake of the alleged coup.

But this was denied by a spokesman of the Tehran Central Revolutionary Committee. According to an account given Thursday night in a television

appearance by President Bani-Sadr and other senior officials, the conspiracy was backed by the U.S., Israel and Iraq and aimed at bringing back Dr. Shahpour Bakhtiari, the Shah's last prime minister.

It was said to include plans to bomb the home of Iranian leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini and other targets in Tehran and the holy city of Qom.

Beirut airport still shut down; air base opened to civil flights

BEIRUT, July 12 (AP) -- The government opened an air force base in eastern Lebanon to civil aviation Saturday to counter a pay raise strike that has crippled Beirut International Airport for the last two days.

Public Works Minister Butros Harb said in a radio and television statement that Riyak Air Force Base 49 kilometres east of Beirut near the Syrian border will serve as a civil airport until the Beirut airport strike was over.

Middle East Airlines, Lebanon's national carrier which has been losing the equivalent of \$3 million a day because of the strike, announced it was resuming regular flights to the rest of the world from Riyak Saturday. No other airline followed suit, however.

On strike are airport technicians who demand a 29 per cent salary increase to cope with inflation. A tentative agreement on a compromise prompted Beirut state radio to announce the reopening of the airport prematurely Friday. Hundreds of stranded passengers sped to the airport after the announcement only to find the facility still closed.



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the subject of a press briefing.

First, Arab journalists were dissatisfied with the brief and rather restrained remarks of Dr. Nawal Al Saadawi of Egypt who substituted for the originally scheduled Palestinian speaker, held up by an airport strike in Beirut.

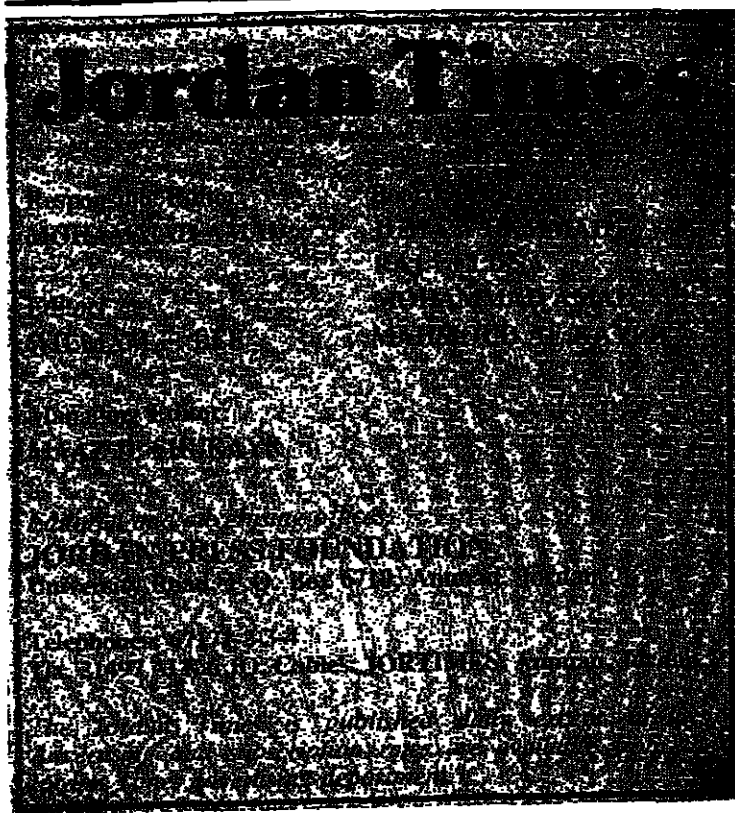
Dr. Saadawi appealed to the 1,000 journalists covering the conference to "report objectively" on all issues, including the Palestinian one.

But after she cut short her statement an Israeli correspondent grabbed the microphone at his seat and began yelling questions, wanting to know why no Israelis had been invited to help work out the conference paper on Palestinian women.

The Israeli was quieted when the female briefing officers got a hand from a male U.N. staff member who grabbed the reporter firmly by the arm and threatened him with expulsion.



The management of the hotel Amman. Welcomes its guests again in the hotel starting Tuesday July 15th and apologises for the closure of its Facilities to nonresidents to host the Extraordinary session of the Arab Economic and Social Council and the Islamic Conference.



Health aides end conference

AMMAN, July 12 (JNA) -- Arab health ministers today pledged to continue offering medical assistance to the Palestinian resistance movement and to supply the Palestine Red Crescent Society (PRCS) with doctors, nurses and medical supplies.

The ministers, ending a two-day conference here, also decided to set up a special committee to study health conditions in the occupied Arab territories. The committee, headed by Jordan's health minister, Dr. Zuhair Malhas, includes representatives of the PRCS, the health planning council of the occupied West Bank, the Gaza Strip medical association and a number of experts to be selected by the committee's chairman.

The committee was asked to submit detailed reports on health conditions in the occupied Arab territories to the annual conferences of Arab health ministers held in March of each year. These

reports would then be forwarded to the World Health Organisation (WHO), headquarters in Geneva. The committee would also study the establishment of health care centres in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

The conference approved financial arrangements for the transfer of the WHO regional office from Alexandria, Egypt, to Amman. Egypt, which has not been invited to the conference, has been boycotted since it signed a peace treaty with Israel.

Each member country was asked to deposit its share of the \$3,047,200 cost of the transfer with the Arab Fund for Health Development. The shares will be proportionate to those paid by the member countries to the Arab League.

The conference approved statutes for the establishment of an Arab centre for documentation and medical publications.

The ministers also decided to hold a special meeting, during their annual conference next March, to lay out an Arab strategy for medicines and the pharmaceutical industry in the Arab World.

The conference appealed to health ministries in all Arab countries to extend speedy medical assistance to Somalia, the Eritrean Relief Agency, the Eritrean Red Crescent Society and Djibouti.

Also concluding a meeting here today was the Arab Council for Medical Specialisation. A statement at the end of the two-day meeting said the participants had decided to work out specifications for accredited medical training in various specialisations and to lay out guidelines for the evaluation of the technical, professional and scientific standards of physicians who want to practice after their period of specialisation.



Her Majesty Queen Noor poses with students of the Prince Hamzah School, who are in traditional Circassian costumes. To the Queen's right, Highness Princess Alia, and behind her, Minister of Social Affairs In'am Mufit.

At the opening ceremony, a number of students performed folk dances. The Queen, who was accompanied by Prince Hamzah, later toured the school, which accommodates nearly 150 primary school and kindergarten students.

Queen opens Prince Hamzah School

AMMAN, July 12 (JNA) -- Her Majesty Queen Noor opened here today a new school run by the Circassian charitable society in Amman and named after Prince Hamzah Ibn Al Hussein.

At the opening ceremony, a number of students performed folk dances. The Queen, who was accompanied by Prince Hamzah, later toured the school, which accommodates nearly 150 primary school and kindergarten students.

The opening ceremony was attended by Her Highness Princess Alia and the Minister of Social Affairs, In'am Mufit.

Realisation of strength

WITH SO much movement on the international stage, it would seem that 1980 has a good chance of being a true year of action on the Palestine issue in general and the Jerusalem question in particular.

The spate of special conference and assemblies being called to devise an action plan for realising Arab national rights and aspirations in the face of the aggravated Zionist aggression are getting down to doing just that. Before us is the additional prospect of a special session of the United Nations General Assembly, at which all these resolutions and proposals will be presented for effective international action.

All this is a healthy antidote to the mood of helplessness and inertia which normally seizes us every four years as we plod along under the delusion that nothing can be accomplished, as far as the Arab-Israeli question is concerned, while the people of the United States, who know so little of these things, go about the ritual of electing a new president.

It is high time that this misconception was dispelled and laid to rest once and for all.

The current Islamic foreign ministers' conference in Amman, called especially to discuss the Palestine and Jerusalem questions, is particularly noteworthy, since it reminds the world, including the Muslim World itself, of the vastness and potential power of the Islamic community.

Too few people, including Muslims themselves, have paused to contemplate precisely what that power could do particularly given the human and economic resources with which many of those nations are blessed.

It is far too easy -- particularly, perhaps, in view of the propensity of these conferees to spend the first day or so forming committees -- to dismiss these gatherings as ineffectual. But in the latest round of discussions, from the Arab foreign and economic ministers to the current Islamic conference, the field of vision has been narrowed considerably to focus on the immediate issues at hand, while the tone of consensus has sharpened markedly beyond the rhetorical level.

This shift in tone corresponds directly with the actions of the Israelis in tightening the grip of occupation and proceeding apace with their attempts at Judaizing the occupied areas, and with the totally unsatisfactory performance of their American mentors in sanctioning those offensive actions.

That is why the Arab and Islamic conferees are no longer shrinking from applying all the means at their disposal to see that justice is restored in the occupied lands, including Jerusalem.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

AL RA'I: We support His Majesty King Hussein's statement that Jerusalem is at the centre of challenge to the Muslim Nation at present, exactly as it was in the days of the Prophet Muhammad.

Muslims everywhere understand this situation, and Muslim nations have always been quick to respond to Arab calls for support of their struggle against Zionism. They have advanced our cause at the United Nations, boycotted Israel in all fields and they would be willing to offer more within their capabilities.

Yet we, the Arabs who are face-to-face with Zionist aggression, have so far prepared no unified plan of action for ourselves. We regretfully have thus far been unable to elevate ourselves to the level of directly confronting this aggression. In view of this fact, how can we ask other Muslims to do our work for us, and how do we expect to mobilise millions of Muslims and absorb them within our ranks in the fight against our enemy?

Despite their poverty and disunity, Muslims everywhere have given and always will give support to Arab causes, but it is important that we be honest with ourselves in the struggle against our enemy and in our efforts to restore Jerusalem.

AL DUSTOUR: In reviewing the Palestinian tragedy and the history of Al Aqsa Mosque in Jerusalem before the Islamic delegations yesterday, His Majesty King Hussein invoked Muslim religious and nationalist feelings, and he drew for them a portrait of the glorious past.

The King has reviewed in the minds of Muslims the Prophet Muhammad's leadership of victorious armies, the avant-garde of Mujahideen who set forth to free the holy land from Roman tyranny, and also reminded them of the Muslim Caliph Omar Ibn Al Khattab who, upon entering Jerusalem, gave assurances of protection to the Christians, their property and places of prayer.

He spoke of the great feats of Muslim leaders and the martyrs who fell in the battles of Hittin, Yarmouk and others in the war of liberation against the enemy. The King then reviewed before the Muslim delegates the setbacks, the weaknesses and lack of unity among Muslims which have cost them the whole of Palestine with the result that its people are now living some under oppression, and some expelled from their homeland and scattered all over the world.

King Hussein chose to evoke these pictures in the minds of Muslims everywhere with the aim of urging them to act speedily for the restoration of the holy lands, to rescue the holy places and to restore Palestine.

King Hussein's call should awaken the conscience of all Muslim leaders and remind them of their task and of the sacrifice which they should make for the restoration of their holy places.

Shak'a back at work



Wounded Nablus Mayor Bassam Al Shak'a is carried on the shoulders of the jubilant crowd on his return to Nablus.

NABLUS, July 12 (AP) -- Mayor Bassam Al Shak'a, saying he feels "very strong," returned to his desk at City Hall today for the first time since his legs were blown off six weeks ago in coordinated attacks on Palestinian nationalist leaders.

A wildly cheering crowd of about 1,000 surged around Mr. Shak'a as his car arrived in the city centre, and people chanted "Palestine is Arab" when the mayor was lifted into a wheelchair and taken to his second-floor office.

The gutter in front of the municipal building ran crimson with blood from two sheep slaughtered as a thanksgiving sacrifice for the return of the undaunted West Bank leader. Four burly men cleared the way through the crowd for Mr. Shak'a, who clasped his hands over his head like a victorious prizefighter.

"I am very happy to return to my office, my family, my people, our land," Mr. Shak'a said in his office while hundreds pressed into the halls for a chance to be let in three or four at a time to shake his hand and wish him well. He swore "to do the utmost for the benefit of the Palestinian people."

Israeli troops stayed out of sight, evidently wanting to avoid clashes with the emotionally charged Arabs of Nablus, a hotbed of Palestinian nationalism and resistance to Israeli rule.

Mr. Shak'a said he was under the same constraints imposed by Israeli authorities before he was

wounded in a car-bombing to stick to municipal business and not talk politics. He made a point of saying he was "glad to return to city hall" and promised to "do my best to supervise the town."

Asked how he felt, the 49-year-old mayor replied, "I am very strong, but just without legs." He appeared tired, however, after the ordeal of passing through the delirious crowd.

Israeli authorities haven't solved the coordinated attacks that wounded Mr. Shak'a and Ramallah Mayor Karim Khalaf when they started their cars on June 2. A third West Bank leader, Al Bireh Mayor Ibrahim Tawil, had a close call but escaped injury from a booby-trap on his garage door. Mr. Khalaf has gone to a hospital in Houston, Texas, for treatment for his wounds, which included the loss of his left foot and severe cuts on his right leg.

Mr. Shak'a was in Jordan until last Wednesday getting treatment at the King Hussein Medical Centre and he said he would be going abroad in a few weeks for examinations and fitting of artificial legs. He said he had been invited by French President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing to be examined in France, and then he planned to go to Britain for more treatment.

Suspicion for the attacks has been directed at extremists among Israeli settlers who have demanded revenge for the slaying of six settlers in an ambush in Hebron on May 2.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Book and photograph exhibition

An exhibition of pictures and books depicting the life of Muslims in the Soviet Union is being held by the University of Jordan, in cooperation with the Soviet Cultural Centre. The books on display deal with economic, social, educational and religious aspects of the life of Muslim people in various Soviet republics. The exhibition is open at the centre, near Third Circle in Jabal Amman, during office hours, and will run through July 14.

Painting exhibition

The Department of Culture and Arts, under the patronage of the minister of culture and youth presents an exhibition of paintings by Omar Hamdan. The exhibition is open during office hours and from 4 to 5:30 p.m. at the Art Gallery of the Ministry of Culture and Youth and will run through July 17.

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مكذوب الأصل

Condemned to be intellectuals Scattered Palestinian people seek education improved conditions, psychological support

"YOU HAVE lost your lands, you are condemned to be intellectuals," a Palestinian leader said recently. Proof of this is that 71 per cent of the university graduates in the Arab World are Palestinians, although they constitute only 2.2 per cent of the population.

Members of a people scattered throughout the Middle East, and indeed the world, have found education and professional achievement not only the best means of improving their conditions but also psychological support and a sense of pride of a people who have little else.

Palestinians: from farm to city

Years ago, some two-thirds of the Palestinians made their living from agriculture. Today, Palestine refugees form a community, with only a small proportion still farming.

They left their lands as a result of the 1948 war, but the main factor in creating the refugee community of today has been education. It is the only available resource that has not been lost, and it is their sons' way to obtain a means of subsistence.

Since the Israeli-Arab conflict of 1948, some 600,000 Palestinian Arabs were forced to leave their homes and lands and seek refuge in parts of the world which had not been occupied by Israel — in the West Bank and on the West Bank of the River Jordan, or in neighbouring Arab countries (Jordan, Syria and Lebanon).

The exodus had far-reaching consequences. It compelled Palestinians to transform their way of life and find different ways of earning a living, and the level of education, in 1948 already the highest in the Arab World.

The "temporary" agency

Of the rapid changes in the area which led to the displacement of millions of people from their homes and lands, and the creation of a new community of refugees, the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (UNRWA) was created to organise work and aid programmes aimed at enabling registered refugees to earn a living in their host countries and to return to their homes or to obtain compensation for their property as advocated by resolution of the United Nations General Assembly.

The "temporary" organisation still exists. One of its main tasks was to provide a means of subsistence for the refugees, but it has since been replaced by the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR).

alternative. The refugees themselves rejected work projects as they wanted to return to their homes and not to be resettled in a country that was not theirs.

Over the years it gradually became accepted that the hoped-for early return was impossible. Only a minority managed to reintegrate in the agricultural sector — mainly in southern Lebanon and the Jordan Valley. The number of inhabitants per square kilometre of cultivable land rose from 80 to 107 in the East Bank of Jordan and from 200 to 580 on the West Bank.

From rations... to education

Many refugees sought work in the towns around which most refugee camps had been built: Nablus, Amman and Beirut, for example. Perhaps one fifth found work of sorts.

To meet the demand for education, thus enabling a new generation of refugee children to adapt itself to the new circumstances, UNRWA progressively devoted a larger part of its resources to education and vocational training. In Palestine before 1948, only 20 per cent of the young people living in the rural areas (the majority of young Palestinians) went to primary school.

Today, nearly all registered Palestine refugee children are enrolled in UNRWA schools. During its first year, UNRWA had to devote 80 per cent of its resources to much-needed relief programmes. By 1979 relief had fallen to about 25 per cent of the UNRWA budget, while education took the lion's share with nearly 60 per cent.

Vocational training takes off

At the start of the 1960s, UNRWA built four new vocational training centres complementing the two built in the 1950s. Curiously, some places in the training centres remained vacant in the early years. But with the increasing success of the first graduates in finding work and making a living, the vocational training centres became more attractive to young people.

Today there is strong competition for the 4,700 places in the eight UNRWA vocational and teacher training centres now in operation — about one place for every five qualified candidates. Deeb, aged 22, a student in the assistant pharmacist course at the Damascus Vocational Training Centre, explains: "Here I get practically the same training as in a university in half the time. And saving time is important when you've spent your youth in a camp and you have a family to support."

Ahmad, aged 17: "When I was still at primary school, I spent most of my free days working in the fields around Khan Dhanoun camp (Syria) where I lived, in order to help my family and because I was tempted to make a career in agriculture. I was making five Syrian pounds a day (slightly over one U.S. dollar). After a year of

training at the centre as a building technician, I earned 4,500 Syrian pounds during my holidays."

More than 20,000 refugees have passed through these centres since the first was created in 1953. With the need for more skilled people in the Arab World and the demand for places at UNRWA training centres, UNRWA has again embarked on an expansion plan. This will be funded by a recent grant from the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) Special Fund of \$2.5 million to be used for vocational training. The Arab countries, especially those of the Gulf, eager for skilled manpower, compete with each other for these young people even before they are qualified.

What have they become?

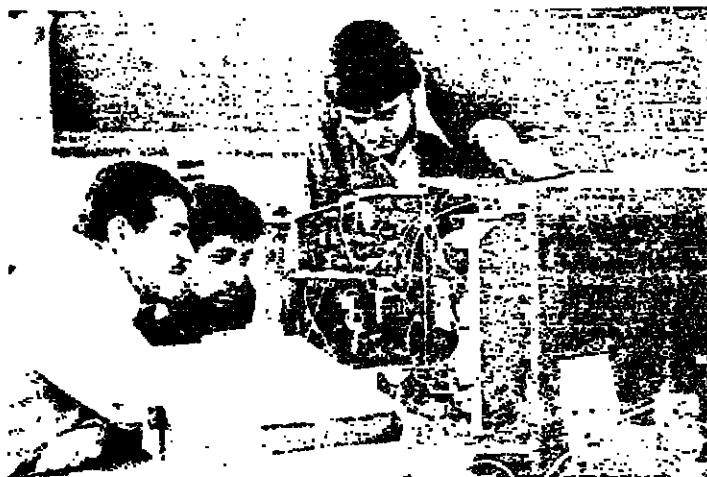
The total Palestinian population is estimated to be just over 3.2 million, according to a March 1979 study by the United Nations Economic Commission for West Asia (ECWA). By 1975, about 13 per cent of this number lived in the Arabian Gulf states, the United States or in other industrialised countries. They formed a middle class of office employees, technicians and professors, often graduates of UNRWA schools and

training centres. According to one of them, they owe their success in part to the Palestinian connection: "In Kuwait, Abu Dhabi or elsewhere, I meet people with whom I went to school in Haifa; and that of course helps..."

According to ECWA about half the Palestinians still live within the pre-1948 Palestine borders, the majority of these in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip (including over 35 per cent of the total number of Palestine refugees) and the rest in Israel.

The remainder of the scattered Palestinian population lives mainly in the countries bordering Palestine (Jordan, Syria and Lebanon). The majority of registered refugees live in these areas. Most of them have been able to find work, but it is only temporary, but no overall information is available to show the professional categories in which they work.

An inquiry recently carried out among a representative sample of the population of Yarmouk camp, in the suburbs of Damascus, shows that eight per cent of the active population is unemployed. The others have modest jobs in industry, construction and public services. Those who work in agriculture represent less than 0.5 per cent of the persons questioned who are in employment.



Students and teacher in the radio-TV mechanics course at the Damascus VTC, one of UNRWA's eight vocational and teacher training centres in the Middle East.



Ahmad, aged 17, a student at Damascus VTC.

U.K. bank publishes report on Jordan

SPOTLIGHT



Cover of the Midland Bank report on Jordan

LONDON. (Special) — "Jordan's growing prosperity, relative stability and central position in one of the world's richest regional markets, make it a country well worth the attention of U.K. businessmen," says Britain's Midland Bank International in its latest "Spotlight" leaflet, *Selling to Jordan*.

The U.K. is one of Jordan's leading suppliers and in 1979 increased its exports there by 29 per cent. There is however strong competition for this market from the United States, West Germany and Saudi Arabia, the report says. Jordan is giving priority to the development of industries which will reduce its need for imports, the report points out. As a result the local manufacture of a wide range of goods is being promoted, such as food products, clothing, locks, nuts and bolts, nails, printing ink, light fittings and furniture. Foreign participation in the form of joint ventures, is welcomed and there is also great scope for U.K. suppliers of new, capital-intensive industrial processes, it says.

Decentralisation is one of the chief economic aims and accord-

ingly the government is to build an 18,000 tons-a-year sheet glass plant at Ma'an. Bids have been invited for a \$20 million contract to provide civil and electro-mechanical engineering work for the plant.

"Spotlight" notes that decentralisation is being aided by a £5.5 million British loan to finance the supply of electricity to villages in north Jordan. British equipment required for these projects includes medium and low-voltage lines, poles, substations, cables, transformers and switchgear.

The tourist industry in Jordan already makes a large contribution to the nation's income, the report notes. However, to meet demand new shops, restaurants, entertainment centres and other tourist attractions are required. There is consequently scope for U.K. involvement in this sector whose development is being actively promoted by the Jordanian government.

Selling to Jordan includes the other regular features of the "Spotlight" series. There is a brief outline of the country and its economic position, and sections on entering the market, import requirements including documentation, setting up business in Jordan and useful addresses for exporters.

Copies of *Selling to Jordan*, Midland Bank International's "Spotlight" No. 177, can be obtained free of charge from the Overseas Trade Promotion Department, Midland Bank International Division, Deacon House, 192 Eyre Street, Sheffield S1 3QG, England.

AMMAN, July 12 (JNA) — His Majesty King Hussein today received a cable from Arab League Secretary General Khalil Kilabi thanking him for the care and hospitality accorded to the extraordinary Arab Economic and Social Council conference in Amman. The facilities rendered to the conference were the major factor behind its success, the cable said.

AMMAN, July 12 (JT) — The Department of Press and Publications today announced that from now on it will not accept for approval lists of books supplied by Jordanian importers unless these are signed and certified by the publishers and chambers of commerce in the source country. The new regulations were signed by the department's Director General, Mr. Ahmad 'Uthman. The new procedures, as reported in *Al Ra'i* newspaper, require that an entire consignment of books remain under the department's control until a copy has been approved by the censor. Books which are to be confiscated will not be returned to their source, the instructions said. The department cautioned Jordanian importers to import first one copy of a book, and if this is approved by the censor, to place further orders. The department said that any bookstore selling banned books would be prosecuted.

AMMAN, July 12 (JNA) — The British Institute in Amman for Archaeology and History, in cooperation with a team from the University of Jordan and the Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities, has started excavations near the town of Buseira in the district of Tafila in southern Jordan. According to the director of the Department of Antiquities, Dr. Adnan Hadidi, the dig, to be concluded by the end of next month, is expected to reveal ancient forts built in that area several centuries before Christ. He said Buseira could be Busra, the capital of the Edomites who established a state in southern Jordan around that epoch.

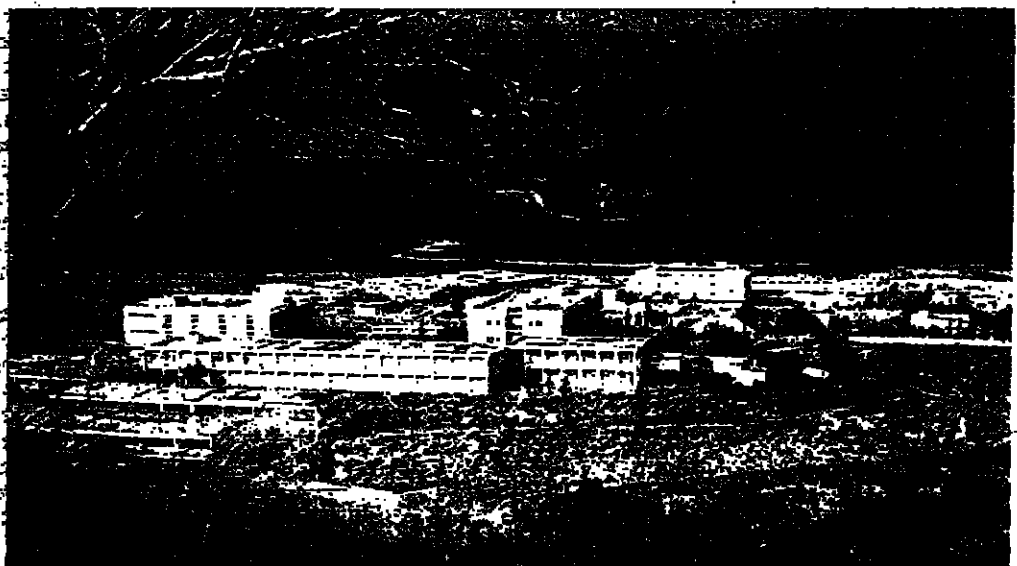
AMMAN, July 12 (JT) — The National Consultative Council (NCC) will hold a regular session on Monday to review a number of subjects on its agenda. According to *Al Ra'i* newspaper, the council will hear a reply from the minister of

reconstruction and development to a question by an NCC member about the reduction of the U.N. Relief and Works Agency's services to Palestinian refugees. Another reply will be to a question about the possibility of requesting banks and financial institutions in which the government has a 51 per cent share to sponsor university scholarships. According to *Al Ra'i* the NCC will discuss a loan agreement with Iraq for developing the free zone of Aqaba, financing a housing project in Irbid, financing the construction of a road linking Al Aqaba with Aqaba and a project for expanding the capacity of the Aqaba Port. The NCC, according to the paper, is not expected to hold any sessions during the month of Ramadan.

AMMAN, July 12 (JT) — Syria's minister of supply is expected here tomorrow for a brief visit to Jordan, according to a report by the local press. The minister will hold talks with his Jordanian counterpart, Dr. Jawad Anani, on Syrian-Jordanian cooperation in supply matters during the month of Ramadan. The Syrian minister will also attend the inauguration of new grain silos south of Amman.

AMMAN, July 12 (JNA) — The Civil Defence Department today received 12 fire engines as a gift from the civil defence department in Saudi Arabia. Overseeing the delivery of the vehicles was the military attaché at the Saudi embassy in Amman, in the presence of Interior Minister Ali Bashir and the acting civil defence director Brig. Mohammad Khasawneh. Saudi Arabia previously donated 23 vehicles to the Civil Defence Department, three of which were fire engines, 10 ambulances and 10 limousines. Brig. Khasawneh, speaking on the occasion, expressed Jordan's gratitude for the gift and lauded the cooperation between the two countries in civil defence.

AMMAN, July 12 (JNA) — A spokesman for the Public Security Directorate said today that a total of 42 incidents occurred in Jordan over the past 48 hours, resulting in the deaths of three persons and the injury of 27 others. Among those, he said, there were 16 road accidents.



Vocational Training Centre, near Sidon, opened in 1962 with a capacity of 396, now has more than 750 students, including 105 in teacher training.

AMMAN STOCK EXCHANGE REPORT

of Company	Par Value	Number Traded	High	Low	Closing
Petroleum	JD 5,000	1664	8,950	8,950	8,950
Cement Factories Co.	JD 10,000	600	18,400	17,900	17,900
Bank	JD 10,000	50	120,000	120,000	120,000
Pharmaceutical Co.	JD 5,000	272	25,650	25,600	25,600
Kuwait Bank	JD 1,000	3900	2,190	2,180	2,180
Gulf Bank	JD 1,000	1400	1,520	1,520	1,520
Idawa Development and Investment Co.	JD 1,000	441	3,750	3,750	3,750
Electricity Co.	JD 1,000	1076	1,880	1,850	1,850
Aluminium Co.	JD 1,000	700	1,210	1,210	1,210
Real, Commercial And Agricultural Co.	JD 1,000	450	3,100	3,100	3,100
Tanning Co.	JD 5,000	163	9,950	9,950	9,950
Lime and Silicate Brick Industries Co.	JD 5,000	30	5,450	5,450	5,450
Development and Investment	JD 2,000	1175	1,530	1,280	1,330
Seas Insurance Co.	JD 5,000	280	10,300	10,120	10,120
Islamic Bank	JD 1,000	4350	1,810	1,800	1,810
al Insurance Co.	JD 1,000	250	1,710	1,710	1,710
al for Press and Publications	JD 1,000	425	0,950	0,950	0,950
Investment and International Trading Co.	JD 1,000	1405	0,950	0,950	0,950
International Hotels Co.	JD 10,000	500	0,940	0,920	0,920
International Insurance Co.	JD 1,000	560	12,430	12,100	12,430
ational Construction and Investments	JD 1,000	3250	0,960	0,950	0,950
al Steel Industry	JD 1,000	5450	2,100	2,070	2,070

Government Development Bonds

of Maturity	Par Value	Number Traded	Volume Traded	High	Low
	JD 10,000	20	200	JD 10	JD 10

Volume traded on Saturday July 12, 1980: JD 91,057
Number of shares traded: 28,391

TODAY'S WEATHER

The weather will be rather warm with northerly moderate winds. In Aqaba there will be similar winds and calm seas.

	Overnight	Daytime
Amman	22	37
Aqaba	26	42
Deserts	21	40
Jordan Valley	24	42

The high temperature in Amman on Saturday was 37. While that in Aqaba was 40.

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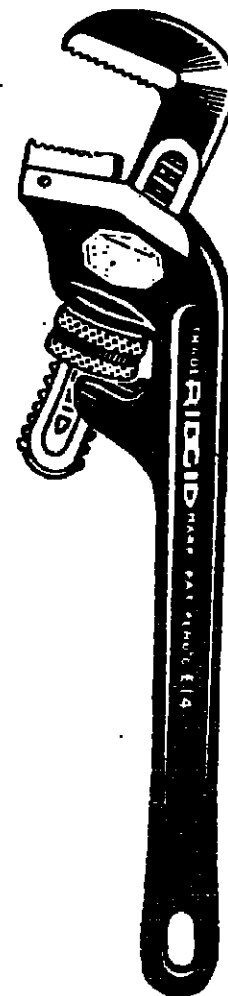
For inquiries, call: 39197/8 (Shepherd Hotel).

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Tel. 23459
Telex 21014 LABACO
P.O. Box 1549

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You are invited to tender for the supply, installation and commissioning of either Washing and Pressing Equipment or Cutting Room Equipment for the Jeans Factory of Jordan Ready to Wear Manufacturing Co. Ltd.

Those interested may purchase the Tender Documents from:

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C/o Pension Fund Offices,
Housing Bank Building,
P.O. Box 3294, Amman,
The Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan,
Tel: 64183/4/5
Telex: 21716 FUND JO.

One set of the tender Documents for Washing And Pressing Equipment will require an unrefundable sum of JD 50.

One set of the Tender Documents for Cutting Room Equipment will require an unrefundable sum of JD 15.

Completed Tenders should be submitted to the abovementioned address not later than 12.00 a.m. Jordan standard time on 17th August 1980.

Jordan Ready to Wear Manufacturing Co. Ltd.

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1 be let furnished or unfurnished. Consists of three bedrooms, two bathrooms, big hall (salon-dining room-sitting room), two verandas, independent heating.

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A deluxe furnished, air conditioned apartment in Aqaba near the tourist zone. Consists of three bedrooms, one sitting room, dining room and a drawing room, two bathrooms.

Contact: Tel. 2345 Aqaba

Economic News Briefs

EEC announces \$28b draft budget

STRASBOURG, France, July 12 (R) -- The European Common Market commission yesterday announced a draft budget for community spending in 1981 of \$28 billion.

Commissioner Christopher Tugendhat outlined the draft to the European parliament, which shares with the EEC ministerial council the task of drawing up the final spending plan by December.

Mr. Tugendhat warned that because EEC spending is nearing the limit of what the community can draw from member states, there would have to be an effective freeze in farm spending next year, with price increases matched by savings.

While the overall budget proposal was 25 per cent up on this year, the rise in agricultural spending would be 12.7 per cent, close to the EEC's inflation average.

Agriculture would take 65 per cent of the budget compared with 72 per cent this year, Mr. Tugendhat said. Much of the remainder was accounted for by big increases in funds for tackling special regional and social problems, including transfers to Greece, which joins the community on January 1 next year.

Egypt sets up \$7.7 b investment bank

CAIRO, July 12 (R) -- A new Egyptian bank designed to boost development will have an initial capital of \$7.73 billion, Deputy Prime Minister for Economic Affairs Abdul Razzak Abdul Meguid was quoted today as saying.

Ninety per cent of the capital will be raised through foreign loans, Dr. Abdul Meguid said in a television interview reported by the mass circulation newspaper *Akhbar El Yom*.

He said 300 million Egyptian pounds (\$430 million) from social insurance and pension funds and the government's current budget surplus of 218 million pounds (\$300 million) would form the remaining 10 per cent.

The National Investment Bank is part of the Egyptian government's measures to create an active money market to finance investment projects. Dr. Abdul Meguid did not say when the bank would begin operations.

Most of the foreign loans have already been obtained, but administrative difficulties have delayed disbursement.

Iranians negotiate Turkish purchases

TEHRAN, July 12 (R) -- An Iranian delegation is in Turkey discussing purchases of maize, barley and cement, newspaper *Eftel* reported today.

It quoted a commerce ministry spokesman as saying the delegation included representatives of the government trading company, the plan and budget organisation, the economics and

finance ministry and the central bank.

The visit follows talks in Tehran between Turkish and Iranian officials when Turkey agreed to buy more oil from Iran, to increase sales of goods including foodstuffs to Iran and to allow Iranian trucks to use Turkish roads without paying duty.

UAE doubts oil price hike before winter

MANILA, July 12 (AP) -- United Arab Emirates Petroleum Minister Mana Sa'id Otaibah said today he sees no chance the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries would again increase the price of oil during the next few months.

Dr. Otaibah made the statement to reporters at Manila international airport shortly after his arrival for a four-day official visit to the Philippines at the invitation of President Ferdinand Marcos.

"I don't see that there's a chance for a price increase in the coming few months," Dr. Otaibah said. "So things might remain as (they are) for the time being until the winter."

The United Arab Emirates, an OPEC member and the world's seventh biggest oil producer, would like to see a freeze on oil prices at least during the next three months, Dr. Otaibah said.

He added that oil prices should be allowed to go up, "but on a gradual basis so that the world economy, mainly the economies of the developing countries, will be allowed enough time to digest the increases."

Asked if his country would sell oil to the Philippines, Dr. Otaibah said it was ready to do so and that the matter was going to be one of the subjects of his talks here with President Marcos and other Filipino officials.

Mitsubishi wins \$16m Syrian order

TOKYO, July 12 (R) -- Japan's Mitsubishi Motors Corporation yesterday announced it had won a 3.5 billion yen (\$16 million) order for 540 trucks and buses from Syria's Trade Organisation for Machinery and Equipment. The vehicles are to be shipped in September.

Mitsubishi said the trucks would be used for transport of agricultural products to Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and neighbouring countries.

LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES

U.S. dollar	290.50/292.50	French franc	71.80/72.20
U.K. sterling	690.10/694.10	Dutch guilder	152.60/153.50
West German mark	166.80/167.80	Swedish crown	70.50/70.90
Swiss franc	181.50/182.60	Belgium franc	104.00/104.60
Italian lire		Japanese yen	
(for every 100)	35.00/35.20	(for every 100)	133.10/133.90

Study traces Third World export

BONN, July 12 (Special) -- After the Netherlands and Sweden, W. Germany pursues the most liberal trade policy towards the import of industrial products from developing lands. This fact emerges from a survey made by the German Institute for Economic Research (DIW) in Berlin on assignment from the ministry for economic co-operation.

It was on the markets of these three countries that the developing lands in recent years found it easiest to earn additional revenue via industrial exports. Next in line in regard to imports from the developing countries were the U.S. and Japan, with France last.

Since 1977 W. Germany has recorded an import surplus with non-European and non-oil-exporting countries. In 1979 the surplus rose slightly from DM 1,400 million to DM 1,500 million.

Last year imports from these countries rose by DM 3,100 million to DM 27,400 million, while exports by W. Germany to the same group of countries rose by DM 3,000 million to DM 25,900 million.

Among imports, especially notable was the rise in purchases of semi-processed and manufactured goods by DM 2,900 million to DM

14,200 million. Last year for the first time these imports accounted for more than half of the entire imports from this group countries.

By contrast, imports of food and related items and raw materials in past years steadily declined. This development points to a continuing transformation in the export structure of Third World countries, especially the economically advanced developing countries.

Another sign of the liberal trade policy pursued by W. Germany, Sweden and the Netherlands is the fact that despite the world textile agreement—which permits only a

restricted increase in textiles and cloth—these products of these countries have been most in "penetrating" of these above in countries.

On the other hand, of development funds, W. Germany second among all countries.

A tentative Development Assistance Committee (DAC) of shows that the U.S. \$4,567 million, \$3,378 million and million on this cat

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY, JULY 13, 1980

YOUR DAILY Horoscope from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Study the principles and precepts under which you can best operate in the future. Strive for harmony with family members. Maintain a cheerful manner at all times today.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You are able to carry through with some creative work and get excellent results. Make plans for the future.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Get rid of some strange condition at home and maintain concord there. Avoid one who may want to harm you in some way.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Go to places where you can express your finest philosophy of life. Be more precise in handling a personal matter.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) A good day to seek the company of family members and friends. Follow the advice of an expert.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Don't be forceful with early in the day. Try to be with persons with whom you have much in common. Be poised.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Morning is meditating on lofty precepts and thinking of future. Improve your social skills.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 23) Contact influential and get their advice for gaining personal aims, risks with your reputation today.

SCORPIO (Oct. 24 to Nov. 21) Be sure to follow and regulations that apply to you. Contact good afternoon and discuss the future.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) A new pre have in mind needs more study before you put it on. Take needed health treatments.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Good day friends and relatives for mutual satisfaction. Make range plans for the days ahead.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Do your best, an argument with close ties. Follow advice of a friend has your best interests at heart.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Plan how to please has done you many favors in the past and the through. Strive for happiness.

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Jericho Souvenir 61114-5
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هكذا من الأصل

Salvador newsmen killed

SAN SALVADOR, July 12 (AP) — Two journalists were killed here today and scheduled talks between leftist militants and Latin American envoys on the gate to about 90 peasants who occupied the Costa Rican embassy were postponed.

The bullet-riddled bodies of the two journalists, Jaime Suarez Quemay and Cesar Najario of the opposition daily *La Cronica*, were

found in the northern suburbs of the city hours after they had been kidnapped by unidentified gunmen.

Police said the bodies bore signs of having been tortured. Meanwhile, talks between the ambassadors of Mexico, Costa Rica, Venezuela and Panama and leftist militants of the Popular League of February 28 (LP-28) who masterminded the Costa

Rican embassy occupation yesterday were postponed until Monday at the request of the envoys to give them more time to consult with their home governments.

LP-28 militants led the charge at the embassy in which one embassy guard was killed. Mr. Suarez Quemay and Mr. Najario were believed to be the first two journalists to fall victims in the virtual civil war between leftist and rightist extremists seeking the overthrow of El Salvador's ruling civilian-military junta.

The LP-28 in a statement yesterday said the peasants stormed the Costa Rican embassy to demand an end to alleged government repression and the release from jail of leftist militants.

The LP-28 statement asked the governments of Mexico, Costa Rica, Venezuela and Panama to grant the peasants political asylum "because if they return to their homes they will be persecuted by the government."

A Costa Rican embassy spokesman said the peasants were unarmed and comprised mostly women and children.

Embassy staff are free to go in and out of the building and the refugees have been placed under the diplomatic protection of Costa Rica.

The peasants who occupied the Costa Rican embassy yesterday "spent the night on the floor and were cold and hungry," a spokesman for the group said.

The 100 men, women and children occupying the embassy to call attention to alleged government repression of peasants said they would stay in the mission until Monday, when they are scheduled to meet with a group of foreign diplomats.

Jorge Alberto Perez, a spokesman for the group, said they had asked the Red Cross for help. "Many of the children have dysentery and are anemic," he said.

A Red Cross official said the international organization was preparing to help the peasants. Meanwhile, private individuals began taking food and clothing to the embassy early today.

Dissident Kim Dae Jung put on trial for his life



Kim Dae Jung

SEOUL, July 12 (AP) — Imprisoned dissident leader Kim Dae Jung and eight others were sent to an army court martial today for attempting to overthrow the government and other charges, South Korea's martial law command announced.

If convicted, he could face death under the charges.

The command did not say how soon the trial will begin. It said that Mr. Kim was charged with violating the national security law, the anti-communist law, the criminal code concerning sedition, the foreign exchange control law and martial law proclamations.

Mr. Kim and eight others were among 37 persons arrested after the military rulers expanded martial law to cover the entire country on May 17 following a series of civil disturbances.

The martial law command said the other 28 persons involved in Mr. Kim's case would also be referred to the military court as soon as investigations of them are concluded.

Opposition vow to topple Zia

ISLAMABAD, July 12 (AP) — Five outlawed political parties vowed today to launch nationwide demonstrations to topple the government of President Mohammed Zia Ul Haq if democracy is not restored within six weeks.

The Pakistan National Alliance (PNA) presented its demand at a national convention attended by 800 delegates at Lahore, 300 kilometres southeast of Islamabad. The PNA consists of five opposition political parties, all middle-of-road or rightist.

The meeting, chaired by Pir Ali Mardaan Shah, head of the Pakistan Muslim League, was held in violation of martial law regulations which ban political gatherings.

President General Zia Ul Haq outlawed all political parties in Pakistan last October 16. He prohibited all political activities and indefinitely postponed national elections.

New elections have not been rescheduled. Pakistan held its last national election in March 1977, but results were void after the PNA charged the polls were rigged by then prime minister Ali Bhutto, who was later executed on charges of conspiracy.

The PNA meeting at Lahore today passed a resolution demanding that the present military cabinet be immediately disbanded.

ROME, July 12 (R) — Pope John Paul arrived at Rome's Fiumicino airport this morning on board a DC-10 of Varig, the Brazilian national airline, bringing him home from his 12-day visit to Brazil.

Italian Prime Minister Francesco Cossiga and a large body of cardinals were there to greet him. The Pope, who will spend two

Portugal's EEC entry backed

LISBON, July 12 (AP) — Italy and Greece will back Portugal's scheduled entry into the European Economic Community in 1983, Portuguese premier Francisco Sa Carneiro said here yesterday at the end of a five-day visit to Rome and Athens.

The premier said his trip seeking reassurance of EEC support for Portuguese membership had been "of great use, even indispensable."

French President Valery Giscard d'Estaing called in June for a "pause" in Spanish and Portuguese entry into the Common Market to give the nine member nations time to work out internal organizational problems.

The Portuguese leader said he felt confident both Spanish and Portuguese membership and the EEC's internal problems would be worked out.

After 8 hours and \$100,000

U.S. hijack fa

SEATTLE, July 12 (R) — A 17-year-old youth was arrested by Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) agents late last night after he hijacked an airliner for more than eight hours and was given \$100,000 and a parachute.

The youth, who was carrying a briefcase he claimed was filled with dynamite, was overpowered by FBI agents when he left the Northwest Airlines Boeing 727 at the airport here to get into a rental car he had demanded.

The money and the parachute were recovered and the briefcase fell to the ground when the youth, who was not immediately identified but was said by FBI agents to have come from Seattle, was arrested and taken into custody.

Agents said the briefcase would be examined by a bomb disposal squad later to determine whether it contained explosives.

The hijacker forced the airliner to land here on a flight from Port-

land, Oregon, to Washington, and held hostages after releasing passengers and the crew members of the crew.

During the eight-hour ordeal, the plane, a man, continually changed demands.

At first, he wanted a \$1 million ransom, but later he demanded \$100,000.

He said a former employer had offered him a job in Seattle. He changed his mind and said he wanted a rental two-way radio. Later, he asked for a motorcycle.

The hijacker was then by FBI agents.

Border fighting continue Kampucheans flee in pan

BANGKOK, July 12 (AP) — Fighting was reported continuing today between Pol Pot guerrillas and anti-communist "Free Khmer" troops at the Thai-Kampuchean border and Red Cross officials said at least 105 persons had been wounded since Thursday.

"It's a very confusing situation there," a Red Cross spokesman said.

About 80,000 Kampucheans fled in panic from their encampment at Nong Samet when the fighting erupted. The spokesman said they were now huddled on the side of an anti-tank ditch constructed by the Thais.

Thai military officers yesterday estimated the dead at 20, but no casualty figures were available from the Pol Pot side.

The spokesman said it appeared that the Pol Pot guerrillas wanted to seize the Nong Samet encampment, one of several along the frontier that have attracted tens of thousands of Kampucheans from the interior.

There have been clashes between the Khmer, and the Pol Pot but normally they have a five-and-let-live attitude each other since both are Vietnamese forces, insi pucha.

The various "Free groups" have also fought another, sometimes for a lucrative frontier black trade.

The Thai supreme has reported that the Vi forces along the border fired artillery and mortar into the Nong Samet area the Pol Pot-Free Khmer.

The Nong Samet in amongst others along the have been the victims, fires, and the Thais allowed them to move to the frontier and deeper in land.

Some, however, have l to bribe their way or use large United Nations-runing centre" about 12 ki from the frontier.

S. African pupils on seventh day of prison hunger strike

JOHANNESBURG, July 12 (AP) — Sixty-six prisoners held after the mixed-race school boycott in Cape Province are in the seventh day of a hunger strike to protest detention without trial, according to South African press reports today.

The *Citizen* newspaper quoted the wife of Henricus Fesus, 40, chairman of the Western Cape region of the labour party, as saying the prisoners would not eat unless they were charged or released.

Mrs. Fesus reportedly said the prisoners had refused to accept food from their relatives since last Sunday.

Earlier in the week, one of five detainees charged with contravening prison regulations collapsed during the court hearing, the South African Press Association (SAPA) said.

SAPA, quoting the mother of the student said he and the other four allegedly disobeyed an instruction to be quiet after the 8 p.m. bell and shouted "Amandla," the slogan used by non-whites to demand power in the white minority-ruled nation.

Minister of justice Louis de Grange was quoted by SAPA as saying the student was "in quite good condition under the circumstances" and like the other detainees, was being attended by a doctor.

The racial breakdown of the 66 prisoners is not immediately known, but Cape Province is heavily populated with mixed-race peoples, known as "coloureds."

The area has been simmering with unrest since April when mixed-race pupils began a school boycott to protest inferior education.

U.S. hostage Richard Queen reunited with family

ZURICH, July 12 (AP) — Richard Queen, held hostage in Iran for eight months, had an emotional post-midnight reunion with his parents at a Zurich hospital early this morning less than 24 hours after Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini ordered him freed on medical grounds.

"We are overwhelmed," his father Harold Queen told reporters after the 50-minute visit at the Zurich University clinic.

"Richard is not as we have known him when we last saw him a year ago. He needs treatment but we are confident. "The doctors are optimistic, they are quite optimistic, and that's the most important thing. But it was a highly emotional experience."

Both he and his wife looked tired and strained as they sat down for a brief meeting with reporters

at the hospital. Mrs. Queen added: "We are deeply grateful to the Swiss and to everybody and we are grateful also to the Iranians for having restored him to freedom."

The couple then drove to their Zurich hotel, saying they did not yet know how long they would stay in Switzerland.

In Washington a U.S. official said that Mr. Queen's release represents "a unique situation" that may not have any bearing on the fate of the 52 other Americans still held hostage in Iran.

"Medically, it made sense, and of course, it is good news," said the official, "but it would be a mistake to read too much into this."

President Jimmy Carter and his wife, Rosalynn, had a 10-minute telephone conversation with the 28-year-old vice consul. The president, vacationing in Georgia, said

Mr. Queen seemed to be in excellent spirits.

Mr. Queen, 28, at the U.S. Embassy in Tehran when it was seized by militants last November 4, was flown to Zurich, early yesterday and hospitalized for treatment of what was believed to be a neurological disorder.

He was the first hostage to be released in seven months and the U.S. official said that "is good news," whatever the reason for the release.

Meanwhile, the *Washington Post* reported today that one of its reporters and one from the *Los Angeles Times* apparently found the location where at least one hostage was being held in Isfahan, south of Tehran.

When the reporters asked students at the site about rumours that hostages were there, one student answered, "between one and

50," the *Post* reported. As guards later questioned the two at length, one guard said repeatedly that hostages were at the site, the paper said. Both reporters were then ordered to leave the city, it said.

United Nations Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim yesterday welcomed the release of Richard Queen and expressed hope that the 52 hostages held there also would be freed. Mr. Waldheim was visiting Tunis when Mr. Queen was flown out of Tehran.

Mr. Queen will be flown to West Germany later today where he will be placed in the care of U.S. medical authorities at Wiesbaden, a U.S. state department spokesman said.

The transfer indicated that his condition was considered relatively good.

Has Europe the ability to go it alone?

Yesterday West German Chancellor, Helmut Schmidt, gave his full support for French President Giscard d'Estaing's call for a stronger Europe. However German politicians on both sides of the political fence are not so impressed with France.

By Paul Taylor

BONN, July 12 (R) — "How can Europe prevent a world war when it can't stop its own lamb war?"

A West German television commentator summed up with those words the scepticism of many Germans towards the call by President Valery Giscard d'Estaing this week for a strongly independent western Europe to assert itself in world affairs.

A group of West German Social Democratic (SPD) deputies to the European Parliament reacted even more negatively to the French leader's appeal. They accused him of hypocrisy.

In a statement published in Strasbourg, the 11 socialist members pointed to five cases in which they said Mr. Giscard d'Estaing was not practising at home what he preached abroad.

The SPD deputies started by citing the French president's recent call for the slowing down of European Community enlargement,

disappointing prospective members Spain and Portugal.

France had also restricted lamb imports from other EEC states and failed to ratify the international accord on cleaning up the Rhine, the deputies charged.

It had blocked planned EEC regulations to prevent industrial disasters such as the 1977 chemical leak at Seveso, Italy, and was building nuclear power stations on its borders without consulting its neighbours, they said.

To Conservative Bonn politicians, it is France's attitude towards the Atlantic alliance and its American leadership which constitutes the greatest danger in Mr. Giscard d'Estaing's call for an independent Europe.

Franz Josef Strauss, the Conservative candidate for chancellor, expressed his concern in strong terms when he told the visiting French leader in Bavaria that France and West Germany should not build a stronger Europe at the expense of the United States.



He also hinted that the Bonn opposition did not like Mr. Giscard d'Estaing's secretive summit with Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev in Warsaw last May and were worried by French "indulgence" towards the Soviet Union.

Political commentators have given a cautious welcome to the French call for a stronger, less self-effacing Europe, but many have cast doubts on Europe's ability to act alone.

Under the headline "What can Europe do?" the independent *Frankfurter Allgemeine Zeitung* said in an editorial: "The Europeans have only themselves to blame for failing to become a world political power."

"Who but they can be blamed for failing so far to reach even half way in ensuring their own protection from the Soviet military machine?"

The editorial concluded with the warning that "without America, our continent cannot be protected from Soviet pressure." Supporters of the SPD-Free Democratic (FDP) coalition in

Bonn feel it will take years before Europe can speak more confidently with a single voice in international politics.

"The EEC could not agree on how to deal with Iran or with the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, and it had to back down on its Middle East resolution for fear of offending the Americans," said one member of an SPD foreign affairs research unit.

"That's not much of a start for independent European diplomacy, is it?"

West German spokesmen have sought to play down the impact of Mr. Giscard d'Estaing's remarks, saying they were in no way controversial.

Chief government spokesman Klaus Boelling said Chancellor Helmut Schmidt had long supported the idea of a world role for Europe, but added that West Germany did not feel that it faced a fundamental choice of allegiance.

Franco-German cooperation in building a stronger Europe was not "an unusual or dramatic process," Mr. Boelling said.

THE Sunday Crossword

(formerly The New York Herald Tribune Crossword)
Edited by Herb Etkisson

COUNTRY TALK

By Hume R. Craft

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 Stemlike parts | 42 Work shift | 73 Baitpale duck | 110 Awaits |
| 7 Hammett's | 43 Port fee | 74 "A rose" | 111 Question sounds |
| 12 Scene in "La Boheme" | 44 Legitimate bodies | 75 Ship | 113 — Island, New York |
| 16 Vichy, e.g. | 45 Mark Twain creation | 81 Sheds | 114 Jane and |
| 21 Sevensday | 46 Lessee | 82 —bliss | 115 Totes up |
| 22 Went for | 47 Blue Eagle letters | 83 Popped out | 116 Sheltered |
| 23 James Har- | 48 Rush of air | 84 Like a macaroni | 117 Phases |
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| 25 Numismatic motto | 50 Harem rooms | 86 Patton's rank abbr. | 122 Targ, e.g. |
| 27 Peanut, in the South | 51 Vessel | 87 America's beauty's companion | 123 "A Shop" |
| 28 Isle | 52 Scientist | 88 Sharpener | 124 Hamburgers topped |
| 29 Detroit athletes | 53 Snicker | 89 Assists | 125 Shells heard by patriots |
| 30 Political platform | 54 S.A.R. | 90 Assists | 126 Historic time |
| 31 Leaf-to | 55 Synthetic fabric | 91 Smell — for one | 130 Ostlich, for one |
| 32 Daylike | 56 Fall | 92 Bivouac | 131 School Fr. |
| 33 Dole | 57 Flower | 93 One of the media | 132 Doris or |
| 34 Gibbons | 58 Connectives | 94 Valley | 133 Darnis |
| 35 Pigment | 59 Small case | 95 Delivers | 134 Ance |
| 36 Burns up | 60 Foreigner: prof. | 96 Paul Pry | 135 Tablelands |
| 37 Steeple | 61 Avoid | 97 Pope John | 136 Snakes |

DOWN

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1 Greenhouse | 11 Zonal initials | 33 Sandy's bark | 49 Mother: comb. form |
| 2 Lassie's kin | 12 Minnesota player | 35 More fitting | 52 Mrs. Page |
| 3 WWI battle | 13 Quaker gray | 37 River into the Seine | 54 The Seine |
| 4 Atomic | 14 Certain energy unit | 38 Voucher | 55 Solitary |
| 5 Football | 15 Comp. pl. | 39 Attached | 56 Time for pyrotechnics |
| 6 — up | 16 "Forever" to Sousa | 40 Fair way of US | 57 Army deco-ration |
| 7 Bird dogs | 17 Duo | 41 That which alternates | 58 Weather poem |
| 8 Study | 18 Bohemian | 42 Diamond | 59 Tricorne |
| 9 Revolution: any reason | 19 Seas | 43 Martens | 60 Gardner material |
| | 20 Avoid | | |

Diagramless

17 X 17, by Nellie Meyer

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|---------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------|
| 1 Slope | 20 Beverage | 39 Was in session | 58 Mountain | 8 As written, in music | 22 Genesis name | 27 Summer drink | 36 Health resort | 45 Byway | 54 Variant |
| 4 Boxing star | 21 Ruddy | 40 River in Egypt | 59 Hauled | 9 Hauled | 23 Appellation | 32 Astorian | 38 Trance | 46 Wooden pin | 55 Help |
| 9 Dangerous | 22 James Russell | 41 Snowpikes | 61 Monogram | 10 Sculptor | 24 "The Ghost" and so forth: abbr. | 33 "The Ghost" and Mrs. — | 40 Exhibition | 51 Wire measures | 56 Sancti |
| 10 Research group: pl. | 23 Born | 42 Large tank | 62 Chinese way of life | 11 Papas of the stage | 25 Weaving machine | 34 Small dot of land | 41 Haute product | 52 First name in time | 57 Confli |
| 11 Supported | 24 Males | 43 Gooled | 63 Foul place | 12 Gay — | | | | | 58 Twice |
| 12 Enact | 25 Sort | 44 Lisa | 64 Armadillo | 13 Russian mountain range | | | | | |
| 13 Marketplace of ancient Greek | 26 Obligations | 45 More beautiful | 65 Contour | 14 — Alto | | | | | |
| 14 Underdone | 27 Swelling under the eye | 46 Caustic substance | 66 Cuttlefish | 15 Increases | | | | | |
| 15 Beneath | 28 Male sheep | | 67 Biblical pronoun | 16 Bunches with backs | | | | | |

SOLUTIONS OF LAST WEEK'S PUZZLES

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|--------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------|
| 1. ATYOPZ OREH VETX BSEKSL WPICSC VE | 45. Byway | 54. Variant |
| 2. FAR PUZTIREAHN PZTUIHE RA GAAT W | 46. Wooden pin | 55. Help |
| 3. ZPEAX FREAX GEN SONNET SONNYX | 47. Wire measures | 56. Sancti |
| 4. BSJOFE FWHH FOAP BSJASLP SA AWLJ | 48. Haute product | 57. Confli |
| 5. FSJOFE JWFO SY FWJ | 49. First name in time | 58. Twice |

Last Week's Cryptograms

- To verify the fabulous claims about vitamins C and E, I generously let you a supply of each — for my lecheric husband.
- One man's moral molar would chew no victims laced with additive.
- Careless ecologist lost contact lens in long grass.
- The aristocratic critic sets his sights too high.

Every Sunday

At 3:15 P.M.

ARAB HORSE RACING

At The Royal Racing Club in Marks



هكذا من الأصل